

River, one and one-half miles above Chicoria in Wayne County:

*Taxodium distichum* (L.) L. C.      *Betula nigra* L. (leaves)  
 Rich. (cone)      *Quercus phellos* L. (leaves)

About ten or twelve miles up the river from this locality, C. W. Cooke made a small collection of fossil leaves in 1913. The locality is on the Chickasawhay River four miles northwest of Waynesboro in Wayne County. This collection contains identifiable leaves of the following species:

*Hicoria aquatica* (Michx. f.)      *Quercus predigitata* Berry  
 Britton      *Fagus americana* Sweet

*Quercus phellos* L.

All of these are forms that are of widespread occurrence in the late Pleistocene of southeastern North America.

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## SHORTER NOTES

OCCURRENCE OF INDIAN PIPE.—The article of Mr. Edwin D. Hull in the June number of *TORREYA* on the "Occurrence of the Indian Pipe (*Monotropa uniflora*) in a Xerophytic Habitat" reminds me that in 1911 the plant was fairly abundant in a swamp of mingled black spruce and tamarack, the former predominating, in northwestern Wisconsin (Gaslyn, Burnett County). The individuals were somewhat dwarfed and blackened and were mostly concealed by the Sphagnum. They were in flower about the first of August. I had not visited the locality before nor have I since, but it impressed me as being a permanent habitat of these plants which I do not recall having seen elsewhere in the vicinity.

J. J. DAVIS

"MODERN" BOTANY IN 1821

"IV. Curiosa

"Alte Zeit und neue Zeit.

"FRAGER: Was ist Botanik?

"LINNAEUS: Est scientia naturalis, quae vegetabilium cognitionem tradit. (Philos. bot. I. 1750.)

"DAS JAHR 1821: Botanik ist die photoskotochromo?thermokryohydrogeoaërooryktozoophytoanthropobiomorphostoechiogenimetriskopische Phytologie." (From *Flora* 5: 224. 14 Ap 1822.)

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE CLUB

APRIL 14, 1914

The meeting of April 14, 1914, was held at the American Museum of Natural History at 8:15 P.M. President Harper presided. Seventy-nine persons were present.

The announced scientific program consisted of an illustrated lecture on "Edible Fungi," by Dr. W. A. Murrill. This lecture will be published in full in the *Journal* of the New York Botanical Garden.

Adjournment followed.

MICHAEL LEVINE, *Sec. protem*

APRIL 29, 1914

The meeting of April 29, 1914, was held in the Laboratory of the New York Botanical Garden at 3:30 P.M. President Harper presided. Eighteen persons were present.

The minutes of the meeting of April 14 were read and approved.

The committee appointed to draw up resolutions on the death of Dr. C. B. Robinson presented the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, The members of the Torrey Botanical Club have learned with the deepest sorrow of the death of their fellow-member, Dr. Charles Budd Robinson, at the hands of certain barbarous residents of Amboina Island in the Dutch East Indies, be it therefore

*Resolved*, That the Torrey Botanical Club desires hereby to place on record its appreciation of the accurate, scholarly character of the scientific work accomplished by Doctor Robinson, its admiration of his boundless industry and of his frank and loyal personality, and its profound regret that a career of such substantial achievement and abundant promise should have been brought to so untimely an end, and

*Resolved*, That these resolutions be entered upon the minutes of the Club and that a copy be transmitted to his family.